





THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.  
Has received the Very Latest Novelties in  
NEW YEAR CARDS.  
Comprising JAPANESE and ENGLISH GARDEN  
Painted and of Artistic Designs; PA-  
PER VIEWS, VIEWS OF HONG-  
KONG and TYPES OF NATIVE CHARAC-  
TER.

Also  
A Special Supply of

WHOLESALE CONFECTIONERY

AND  
DELICIOUS SWEETS.

These Shipments include—

CAKE, SPECIAL CREMES, PATE

DAMBOOTS, JORDAN ALMONDS, CAR-

AMELS, FRUIT, CHOCOLATE, BUT-

TER SCOTCH, ALMOND RICE

EVERYTHING—TOFFEE, ASSORTED

TOFFEE, FRY'S CHOCOLATES, MIXED

BONBONS, NOUGAT, TANGELINE,

MERBURY, ORANGE PASTE, R. L. L.

AND, ETC.

FANCY BOXES.

which are very suitable for SEASONABLE

PRESENTS TO LADIES AND CHILDREN

AND  
FRENCH CONFECTIONERY

AND  
CONSERVES.

From the very best Parisian Houses, including—

FRUIT JELLIES, PARISIENS, CRYS-

TALISED APRICOTS, CHERRIES,

GREENGAGES, &c., in Large Assortment.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

Hongkong, 19th November, 1894.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Only communications relating to the contents of the paper should be addressed to the Editor.

Correspondents are requested to forward their names and addresses with communications (whether in the English or Chinese language), as it is a condition of publication that the Editor is not bound to accept of any communication unless the name and address of the contributor be given.

Telephone Address, Press, P. O. Box 23. Telephone No. 13.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, DECEMBER 31ST, 1894.

THE CHINESE EXTRADITION ORDINANCE

was passed in 1899. It was the measure

expressed by the official members and

it was by the official vote that the Bill

was carried. An idea prevailed that the new law

would render it easier for the Chinese au-

thorities to suppress and terrify the peace-

able inhabitants of the colony or men of

means who might come here from the Straits

Settlements. As the Bill was originally

drafted it contained a clause admitting in

evidence against persons whose reputation

was applied for the depositions taken in Chi-

nese courts. And that provision had been

repealed. The Bill would unquestionably

have been a very dangerous measure, for it would

have been an easy matter to manufacture

documentary evidence and the authorities

would not have scrupled to do so whenever

they wished to get hold of any man who

was thought to be worth questioning or

against whom there was any political

grudge. This clause, however, was struck

out and as finally passed the measure

was unquestionable. It did not really

facilitate rendition, but simply established

a regular course of procedure where before

nothing but disorder prevailed, and provided

certain safeguards in the interest of the

accused. There is no reason to suppose

that the cases that have been dealt with

under that Ordinance have been any

misuse of justice, and the case

recently before the courts arising out of the

capture of a junk by Chinese Customs

officers, who were alleged to have

seized the junk by force, and the

measures provided by the law are efficient,

the measure being discharged by the Supreme

Court. It would seem, however, that in

that case the Magistrate made a serious

mistake in weighing the evidence and that

the accused had had friends who pro-

vided the means to carry their case to the

Supreme Court. The Acting Chief

Justice in giving his decision said—There

is practically no appeal whatever from

the Magistrate's decision. If these men

had not had friends with the neces-

sary influence and funds to come for-

ward, they would not have been able to

engage counsel and to have brought their

case before this Court, and in the same way

there is no appeal to the Governor. But

practically this applies to all cases brought

before the Magistrate, and not to rendition

cases only, for it is only when a person is

tried for murder that the Crown provides

him with legal assistance. In all ordinary

cases the man who has no money to engage

legal assistance has to be content with the

Magistrate's decision, and no doubt occa-

sional instances of miscarriage of justice occur.

The fact, however, that a Magistrate in con-

victing a man under any particular Ordinance

takes a wrong view of the evidence is no

argument against the law itself, nor does

Wongmoo's mistake in the recent

case, where he gave an argument

against the Extradition Ordinance. Now such

an experienced and painstaking Magistrate

came to make such a mistake is a mystery.

It can hardly be supposed that he did not

carefully analyze the evidence, and that he

alternatively supposed in that case that he

granted that if he committed the mistake

the case would be carried forward

and that, owing to the peculiar circum-

stances surrounding it, he thought it desirable

it should receive the additional ventilation

an appeal would afford. If that be the

true explanation, the course taken by

Mr. Wongmoo must be pronounced a

dangerous and unjustifiable one, however

good the intention may have been. Leaving

speculation aside, however, it is satisfactory

to note that under the procedure provided

by the Ordinance a miscarriage of justice

was avoided.

Mr. T. Sercombe Smith has been ap-

pointed to act as a clerk of the Court in

the absence of Mr. Bras

Shepherd until further notice.

We are informed by the Manager of the Bank

of China, Japan, and the Straits, Limited, that

he has received a telegram from London that

at a meeting of shareholders of the Bank held

on the 25th inst. the resolution passed at

the meeting of the 12th December was duly

confirmed.

The Governor has given his assent to the

Ordinance—The Spirit License Ordinance

Amendment Ordinance, the Cattle Disease

Amendment Ordinance, the Markets Ordinance

Amendment Ordinance, the Stamp Ordinance

Amendment Ordinance, the Telegraphic Mes-

sage Ordinance, and the Incineratory Disposal

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Amendment Ordinance, the Telegraphic Mes-

sage Ordinance, and the Incineratory Disposal

Ordinance.

It is reported, says the Singapore Free Press,

that there has been a great increase in the

amount of money missing from the Treasury

of the Straits Settlements. The amount of

money missing from the Treasury of the Straits

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**THE L. & O. steamer** *Albatross*, left London on Monday, the 27th December, at 10 o'clock, for Hongkong, via Suez, leaving Singapore on Thursday, the 4th inst., at 6 a.m.

The **E. & A. steamer** *City of Canton*, left London on Monday, the 27th inst., at 8 p.m., for Hongkong, via Suez, leaving Singapore on Thursday, the 4th inst., at 6 a.m.

The **P. & O. steamer** *Satig*, with the Royal mail, left Singapore, on Thursday, the 27th inst., at 7 a.m., and may be expected here on or about the 29th inst. This ship will probably re-appear before being despatched from Hongkong on the 25th Oct.

**THE INDIAN MAIL.**

The **sloop** *Lightning*, from Calcutta, left Singapore, for this port on the afternoon of the 25th inst.

**THE CANALIAN MAIL.**

The **C. P. steamer** *Empress of China*, arrived at Kobe at 8.30 p.m. on the 27th inst., and left again at 2.30 p.m. for Hongkong via Yokohama and Shanghai.

**MERIDIAN STEAMERS.**

The steamer *Aurigo*, left Singapore on the 25th inst., and may be expected here on the 5th inst.

The **P. & O. steamer** *Jawa* left Singapore for this port on the 25th inst., at 6 a.m.

The **N. P. steamer** *Victoria* left Tacoma on the 12th inst. for Hongkong via Japan ports.

The **P. & O. steamer** *Guyton* left Bombay for this port on the 22nd inst.

The **Ocean Mutual steamer** *Colony*, from Glasgow and Liverpool, passed the Cape of Good Hope on the 1st inst., and may be anticipated at Singapore on or about the 6th January.

The **P. & O. steamer** *Aden* left London on the 25th inst.

**POST-OFFICE AGENTS.**

**Shipping.**

The authorized List of Mails issued in connection with this paper is the one published twice each day in our Extra, which is corrected to a week later, so that this gives value.

A MAIL WILL CLOSE.

For Singapore, Samarang, and Sourabaya.—  
Per Ardenby, to-day, at 3.30 a.m.—  
For Shanghai, Hongkong, and Yokohama.—  
31st inst. at 3.30 P.M.

For Shanghai and Chefoo.—Per Kuangsoong  
to-day, the 31st inst. at 3.30 a.m.

For Hongkong and Fookoo.—Per Triump, to-  
day, the 31st inst. at 5.00 P.M.

For Haiphong.—Per Doris, to-day, the 31st  
inst. at 3.00 P.M.

For Hongkong, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria,  
B.C., and Tacoma.—Per Sikh, to-morrow,  
the 1st January, at 9.00 a.m.

For Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama.—Per  
Verona, on Friday, the 4th Jan. at 1.30 a.m.

**MAILS BY THE BRITISH PACKET.**

The British Company's Packet, *Peninsular*, will  
leave on **THURSDAY**, the 31st Jan.  
with Mails for the United Kingdom, Europe,  
and countries beyond, via Brindisi, to the  
Strait Settlements, North Borneo, India, Burma,  
Canton, Hongkong, Amoy, and Shanghai.

The usual hours will be observed in closing  
the mails, &c.

**HOURS OF CLOSING THE ENGLISH  
AND FRENCH MAILS.**

When the Packets leave on Ocean.

The following hours will be observed in closing  
the mails:—**ENGLISH**—On the 31st inst. and  
on every day of the month, at **NOON**. The  
Marseilles Packet will be closed at 3 P.M. on  
the day before.

5.00 a.m.—Posting of Poles, Current and Other  
Circulars closed.

(Poles Current and Circulars may however be  
posted up to 10 o'clock if they are the last of the  
month, and on the 31st inst. on any one way.)

10.00 a.m.—Registry closed.

10.30 a.m.—Posting of newspapers, books, and

with the same idea for.

FOR SALE.

135 FATHOMS of New STED LINE  
1 1/2" GALVANIZED IRON CABLE of 1.988  
240 lbs diameter with LLOYD'S PATENT  
which is part of it.

Apply to

GEORGE F. LAMBERT,  
Auctioneer,  
Duddell Street,  
Hongkong, 19th November, 1884. [21]

FOR SALE.

THE Undergoing has Two Good SIZES  
LAUNCELOT'S Sale at Exceptional  
Moderate Prices. Viz—

"FLWAN" length 80 feet, breadth 13 feet  
depth 6 feet

"TAU ON" length 76 feet, breadth 18 feet  
depth 6 feet

Apply to

HING LEE,  
No. 37, TONG HEE LANE,  
Hongkong, 3rd December, 1884. [22]

GRIMAULT'S SYRUP  
OF HYPOPHOSPHITE OF LIME  
FOR DISEASES OF THE CHEST.

The original preparation prescribed by the  
leading medical authorities for CONSUMPTION,  
WHEAN LUNGS, BRONCHIAL INFLAMMATION, and  
OBSTINATE COUGHS, for the last 30 years  
with the greatest success. It continues  
to retain its reputation where other medicines have  
failed.

GRIMAULT'S SYRUP immediately arrests the  
COUGH, and NIGHT-SWEATS, and the Appetite  
improves rapidly—a fact soon demonstrated  
an increase of weight and healthy appearance.

GRIMAULT'S SYRUP has a rose colour, and  
sold in flat oral bottles.

Beware of Imitations.

GRIMAULT & Co. — Paris.

Sold by

A. S. WATSON & Co.—Hongkong.  
(1885)

D. E. KNOX'S  
LION-BRAND  
NIPPINE.

The most approved and most effective remedy in cases of HEADACHE, MIGRAINE, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, FEVER, INFLUENZA, COLIC, DRUGS, DYSPEPSIA, HOARSENESS, COUGH, many other complaints. It is also the very best Antiseptic. Highly recommended by the Medical Profession. Ask for DR. KNOWES' ANTISEPTIC. Each bottle is provided with the distinctive signature "DR. KNOWES" in red letters.

"DERMATOL" is the best. Yet only its effect in stimulating the clearing up of Wounds is described as amazing.

To be had at every reputable Chemist and Druggist.

Sole Agents in China at the China Bank, Import and Bank Co., Sole Agents in China.

Beware of spurious imitations.

NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBT

OWNERS will be RESPONSIBLE for a  
DEBT contracted by the Officers or the Crew  
of the following Vessels during their stay  
Hongkong Harbour—  
OMEGA, Brit. M. Brown—Master.  
PROSPERITA, Belg. M. Raymond—Chinese.  
IAN O'SHANNON, Amer. M. Robinson—Order.  
TULNEUN, Aust. M. Melville—Order.



